Silicon Hot-Carrier Diodes Schottky Barrier Diodes

These devices are designed primarily for high-efficiency UHF and VHF detector applications. They are readily adaptable to many other fast switching RF and digital applications. They are supplied in an inexpensive plastic package for low-cost, high-volume consumer and industrial/commercial requirements. They are also available in a Surface Mount package.

- Extremely Low Minority Carrier Lifetime 15 ps (Typ)
- Very Low Capacitance 1.5 pF (Max) @ V_R = 15 V
- Low Reverse Leakage | = 13 nAdc (Typ) MBD301, MMBD301

MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_J = 125°C unless otherwise noted)

		MBD301	MMBD301LT1	
Rating	Symbol	Value		Unit
Reverse Voltage	VR		30	Volts
Forward Power Dissipation © TA = 25°C Derate above 25°C	PF	280 2.8	200 2.0	mW mW/°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-55 to +125		°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-59	°C	

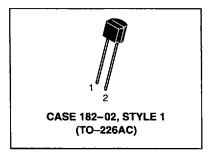
DEVICE MARKING

MMBD301LT1 = 4T

MBD301 MMBD301LT1

Motorola Preferred Devices

30 VOLTS
SILICON HOT-CARRIER
DETECTOR AND SWITCHING
DIODES







CASE 318-08, STYLE 8 SOT-23 (TO-236AB)



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Reverse Breakdown Voltage (I _R = 10 μA)	V _{(BR)R}	30		_	Volts
Total Capacitance (V _R = 15 V, f = 1.0 MHz) Figure 1	C _T	_	0.9	1.5	pF
Reverse Leakage (V _R = 25 V) Figure 3	IR	<u> </u>	13	200	nAdc
Forward Voltage (I _F = 1.0 mAdc) Figure 4	V _F	_	0.38	0.45	Vdc
Forward Voltage (I _F = 10 mAdc) Figure 4	٧F	_	0.52	0.6	Vdc

NOTE: MMBD301LT1 is also available in bulk packaging. Use MMBD301L as the device title to order this device in bulk.

Thermal Clad is a registered trademark of the Berguist Company.

Preferred devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value.



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

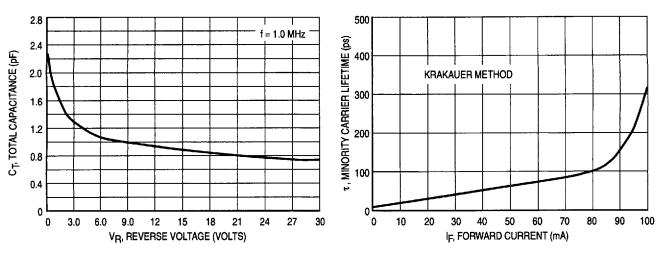


Figure 1. Total Capacitance

Figure 2. Minority Carrier Lifetime

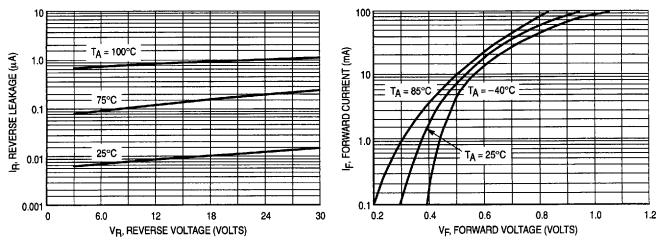


Figure 3. Reverse Leakage

Figure 4. Forward Voltage

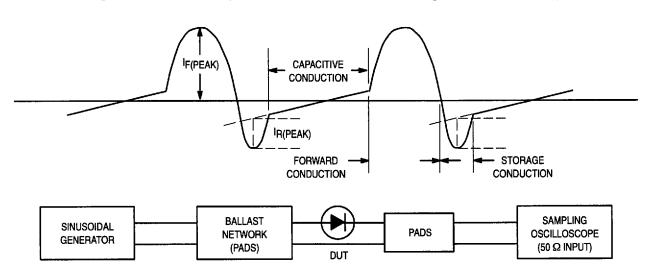
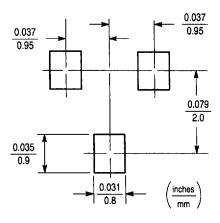


Figure 5. Krakauer Method of Measuring Lifetime

INFORMATION FOR USING THE SOT-23 SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.



SOT-23

SOT-23 POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation of the SOT–23 is a function of the drain pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to a pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by $T_{J(max)}$, the maximum rated junction temperature of the die, $R_{\theta,JA}$, the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient, and the operating temperature, T_A . Using the values provided on the data sheet for the SOT–23 package, P_D can be calculated as follows:

$$P_D = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values into the equation for an ambient temperature T_A of 25°C, one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 225 milliwatts.

$$P_D = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{556^{\circ}C/W} = 225 \text{ milliwatts}$$

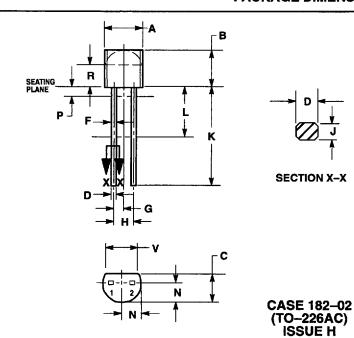
The 556°C/W for the SOT–23 package assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 225 milliwatts. There are other alternatives to achieving higher power dissipation from the SOT–23 package. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad™. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, an aluminum core board, the power dissipation can be doubled using the same footprint.

SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

- · Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference shall be a maximum of 10°C.
- The soldering temperature and time shall not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient shall be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes.
 Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling.
- * Soldering a device without preheating can cause excessive thermal shock and stress which can result in damage to the device.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

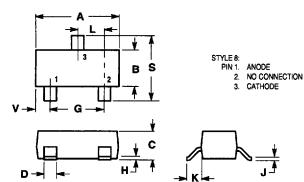


NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. CONTOUR OF PACKAGE BEYOND ZONE R IS UNCONTROLLED.
 4. DIMENSION F APPLIES BETWEEN P AND L.
- DIMENSIONS DIAND JIAPPLY BETWEEN LIAND K MINIMUM. LEAD DIMENSION IS UNCONTROLLED IN P AND BEYOND DIM K MINIMUM.

	INC	HES	MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	0.175	0.205	4.45	5.21	
В	0.170	0.210	4.32	5.33	
u	0.125	0.165	3.18	4.49	
D	0.016	0.022	0.41	0.56	
F	0.016	0.019	0.407	0.482	
G	0.050 BSC		1.27 BSC		
Н	0.100 BSC		3.54 BSC		
7	0.014	0.016	0.36	0.41	
K	0.500	_	12.70		
L	0.250		6.35		
N	0.080	0.105	2.03	2.66	
P	_	0.050		1.27	
R	0.115		2.93		
٧	0.135		3.43		

STYLE 1: PIN 1. ANODE 2. CATHODE



CASE 318-08 ISSUE AF SOT-23 (TO-236AB)

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 MAXIUMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH THICKNESS. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE

	INCHES		MILLIN	ETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	0,1102	0.1197	2.80	3.04	
В	0.0472	0.0551	1.20	1.40	
С	0.0350	0.0440	0.89	1.11	
ם	0.0150	0.0200	0.37	0.50	
G	0.0701	0.0807	1.78	2.04	
H	0.0005	0.0040	0.013	0.100	
J	0.0034	0.0070	0.085	0.177	
K	0.0140	0.0285	0.35	0.69	
L	0.0350	0.0401	0.89	1.02	
S	0.0830	0.1039	2.10	2.64	
٧	0.0177	0.0236	0.45	0.60	

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