

## SILICON N-CHANNEL DUAL GATE MOS-FET

Depletion type field-effect transistor in a plastic X-package with source and substrate interconnected, intended for u.h.f. applications in television tuners and professional communication equipment.

This MOS-FET tetrode is protected against excessive input voltage surges by integrated back-to-back diodes between gates and source.

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

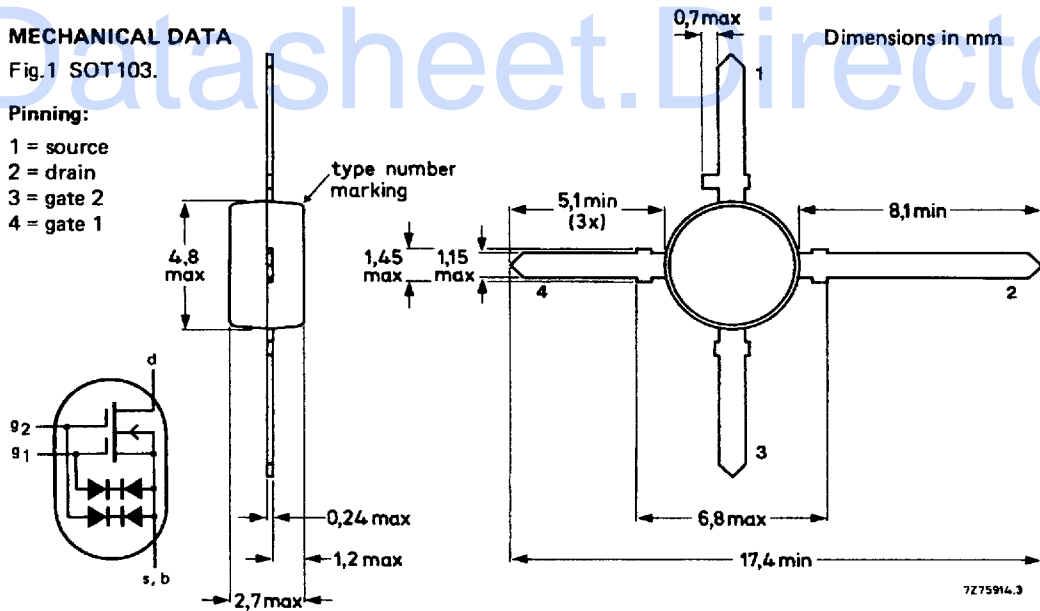
|   |             |              |                      |
|---|-------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Drain-source voltage  | $V_{DS}$    | max.         | 20 V                 |
| Drain current   | $I_D$       | max.         | 30 mA                |
| Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 75\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  | $P_{tot}$   | max.         | 225 mW               |
| Junction temperature  | $T_j$       | max.         | 150 $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Transfer admittance at $f = 1\text{ kHz}$<br>$I_D = 10\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}$ ; $+V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}$   | $ y_{fs} $  | typ.         | 18 mS                |
| Input capacitance at gate 1; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$<br>$I_D = 10\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}$ ; $+V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}$                                       | $C_{ig1-s}$ | typ.<br>max. | 2.3 pF<br>2.6 pF     |
| Feedback capacitance at $f = 1\text{ MHz}$<br>$I_D = 10\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}$ ; $+V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}$  | $C_{rs}$    | typ.         | 25 fF                |
| Noise figure at $G_S = 3.3\text{ mS}$ ; $B_S = B_S\text{ opt}$<br>$I_D = 10\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}$ ; $+V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}$ ; $f = 800\text{ MHz}$ | F           | typ.         | 1.8 dB               |

## MECHANICAL DATA

Fig.1 SOT103.

## Pinning:

- 1 = source
- 2 = drain
- 3 = gate 2
- 4 = gate 1



**RATINGS**

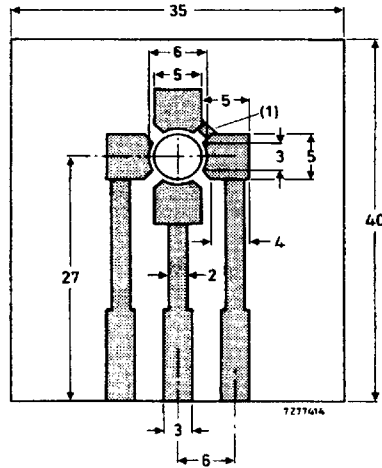
Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

|  |                |      |                               |
|--|----------------|------|-------------------------------|
| Drain-source voltage   | $V_{DS}$       | max. | 20 V                          |
| Drain current (DC or average)                                      | $I_D$          | max. | 30 mA                         |
| Gate 1 - source current  | $\pm I_{G1-S}$ | max. | 10 mA                         |
| Gate 2 - source current  | $\pm I_{G2-S}$ | max. | 10 mA                         |
| Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 75\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | $P_{tot}$      | max. | 225 mW                        |
| Storage temperature range  | $T_{stg}$      |      | -65 to + 150 $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Junction temperature   | $T_j$          | max. | 150 $^\circ\text{C}$          |

**THERMAL RESISTANCE**

From junction to ambient in free air  
mounted on the printed-circuit board (see Fig.2)

$R_{th\ j-a} = 335\text{ K/W}$



(1) Connection made by a strip or Cu wire.

Fig.2 Single-sided 35  $\mu\text{m}$  Cu-clad epoxy fibre-glass printed-circuit board, thickness 1.5 mm. Tracks are fully tin-lead plated. Board in horizontal position for  $R_{th}$  measurement.

## STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

## Gate cut-off currents

$\pm V_{G1-S} = 5\text{ V}; V_{G2-S} = V_{DS} = 0$

$\pm I_{G1-SS}$  max. 50 nA

$\pm V_{G2-S} = 5\text{ V}; V_{G1-S} = V_{DS} = 0$

$\pm I_{G2-SS}$  max. 50 nA

## Gate-source breakdown voltages

$\pm I_{G1-SS} = 10\text{ mA}; V_{G2-S} = V_{DS} = 0$

$\pm V_{(BR)G1-SS}$  6 to 20 V

$\pm I_{G2-SS} = 10\text{ mA}; V_{G1-S} = V_{DS} = 0$

$\pm V_{(BR)G2-SS}$  6 to 20 V

## Drain current

$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}; V_{G1-S} = 0; +V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}$

$I_{DSS}$  4 to 20 mA

## Gate-source cut-off voltages

$I_D = 20\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}; +V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}$

$-V_{(P)G1-S}$  max. 2.5 V

$I_D = 20\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}; V_{G1-S} = 0$

$-V_{(P)G2-S}$  max. 2.0 V

## DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Measuring conditions (common source):  $I_D = 10\text{ mA}; V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}; +V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Transfer admittance at  $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ 

$|y_{fs}|$  min. 15 mS

typ. 18 mS

Input capacitance at gate 1;  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ 

$C_{ig1-s}$  typ. 2.3 pF

max. 2.6 pF

Input capacitance at gate 2;  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ 

$C_{ig2-s}$  typ. 1.1 pF

Feedback capacitance at  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ 

$C_{rs}$  typ. 25 fF

Output capacitance at  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ 

$C_{os}$  typ. 0.8 pF

## Noise figure

$f = 200\text{ MHz}; G_S = 2\text{ mS}; B_S = B_S\text{ opt}$

F typ. 1.0 dB

$f = 800\text{ MHz}; G_S = 3.3\text{ mS}; B_S = B_S\text{ opt}$

F typ. 1.8 dB

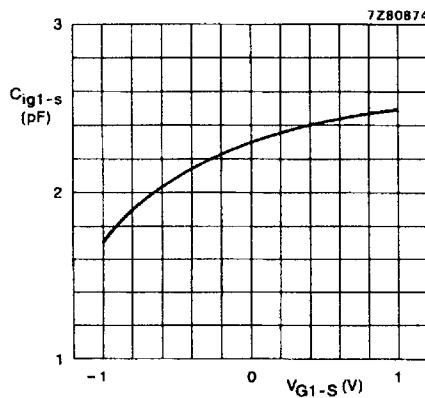
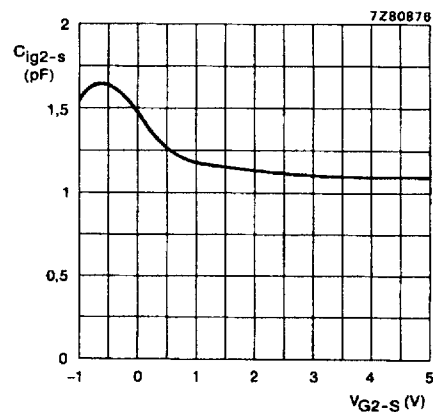
## Power gain

$f = 200\text{ MHz}; G_S = 2\text{ mS}; G_L = 0.5\text{ mS}; B_S = \text{opt}; B_L = \text{opt}$

$G_p$  typ. 25 dB

$f = 800\text{ MHz}; G_S = 3.3\text{ mS}; G_L = 1\text{ mS}; B_S = \text{opt}; B_L = \text{opt}$

$G_p$  typ. 18 dB

Fig.3  $V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}; V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}; T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values.Fig.4  $V_{G1-S} = 0\text{ V}; V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}; T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values.

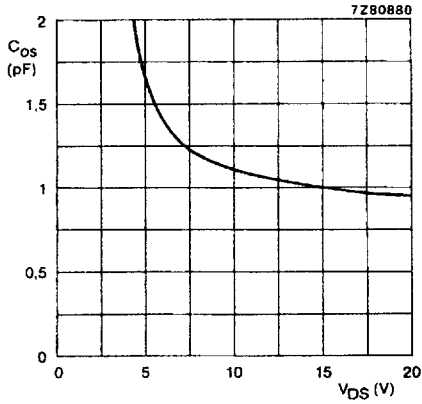


Fig. 5  $V_{G2-S} = 4 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_D = 10 \text{ mA}$ ;  $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values.

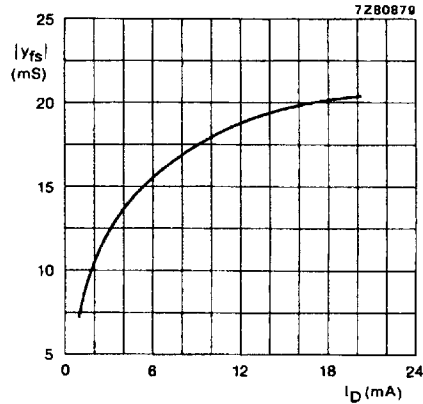


Fig. 6  $V_{G2-S} = 4 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ ;  $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values.

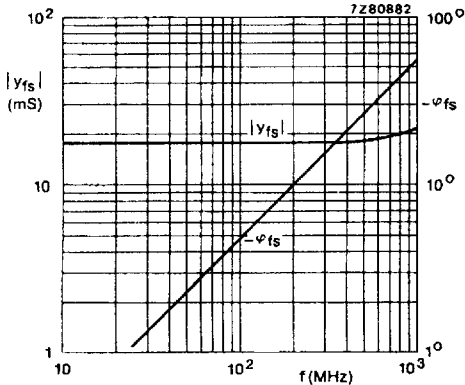


Fig. 7  $V_{G2-S} = 4 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_D = 10 \text{ mA}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values.

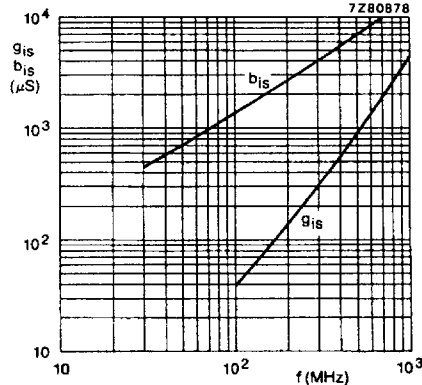


Fig. 8  $V_{G2-S} = 4 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_D = 10 \text{ mA}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values.

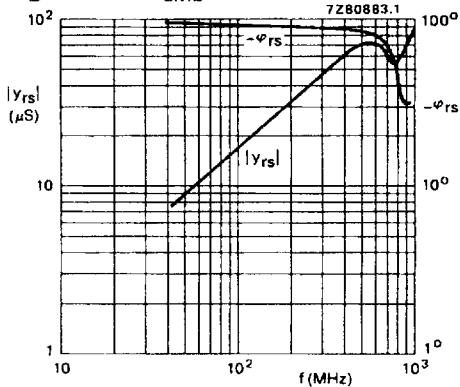


Fig. 9  $V_{G2-S} = 4 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_D = 10 \text{ mA}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values.

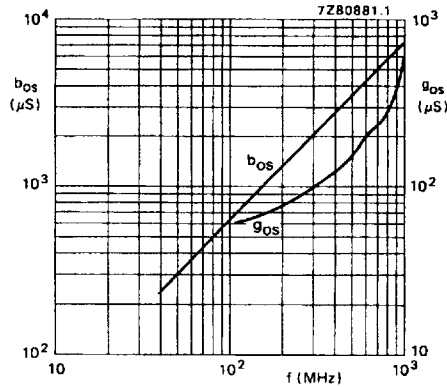


Fig. 10  $V_{G2-S} = 4 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_D = 10 \text{ mA}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values.

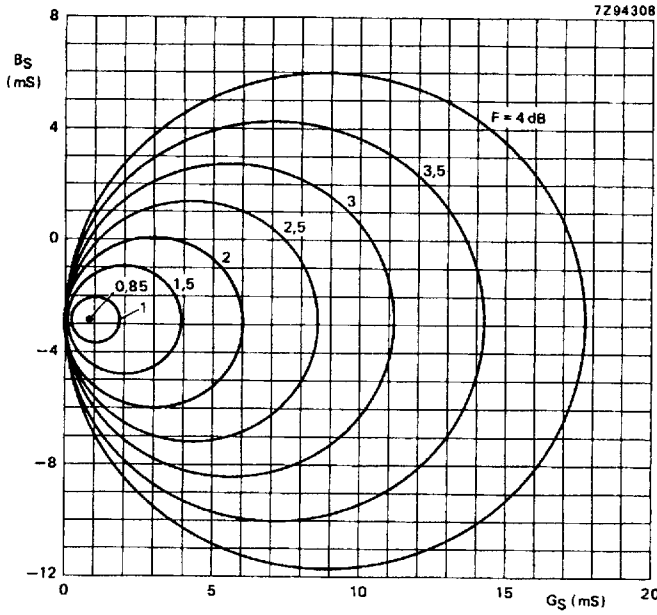


Fig. 11  $V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}$ ;  $I_D = 10\text{ mA}$ ;  
 $f = 200\text{ MHz}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values.

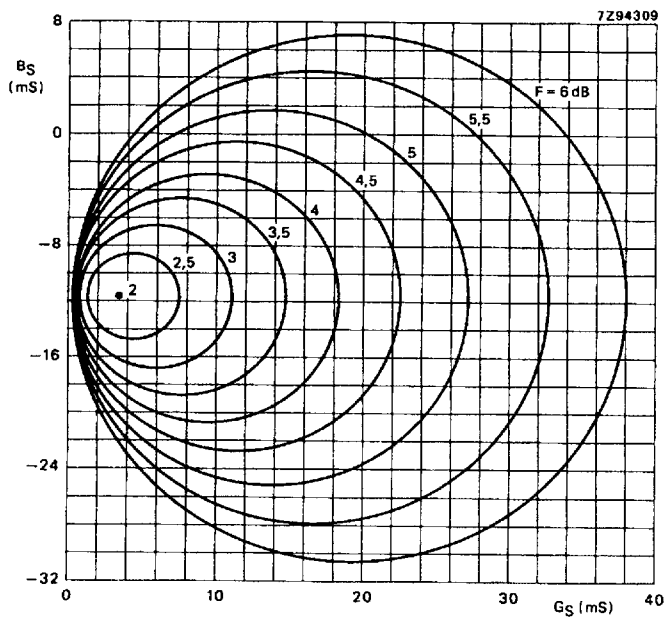


Fig. 12  $V_{G2-S} = 4\text{ V}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}$ ;  $I_D = 10\text{ mA}$ ;  
 $f = 800\text{ MHz}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values.